

AFTU

Analog FTU Hardware Debugging System

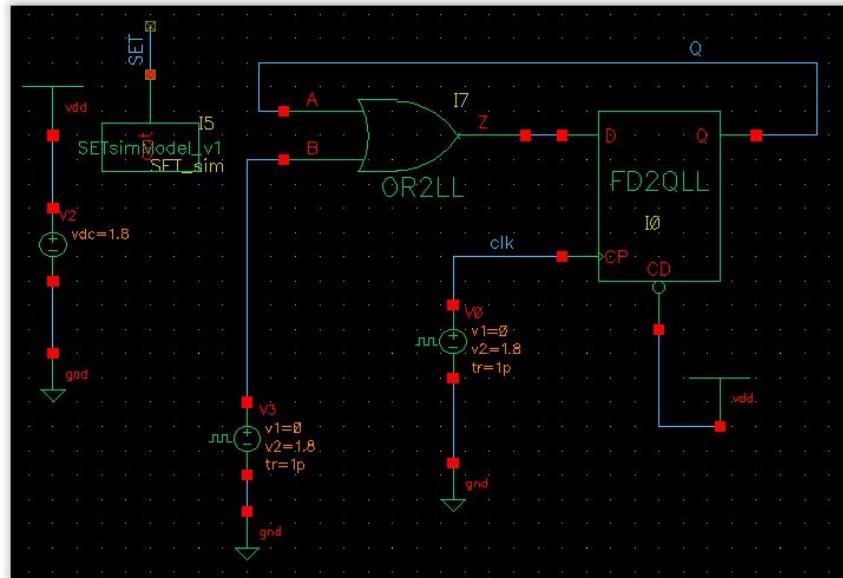
What is AFTU?



The Analog FTU Hardware Debugging System
is a tool to evaluate the SEE sensitivity
of analog/mixed signal circuits
at transistor level

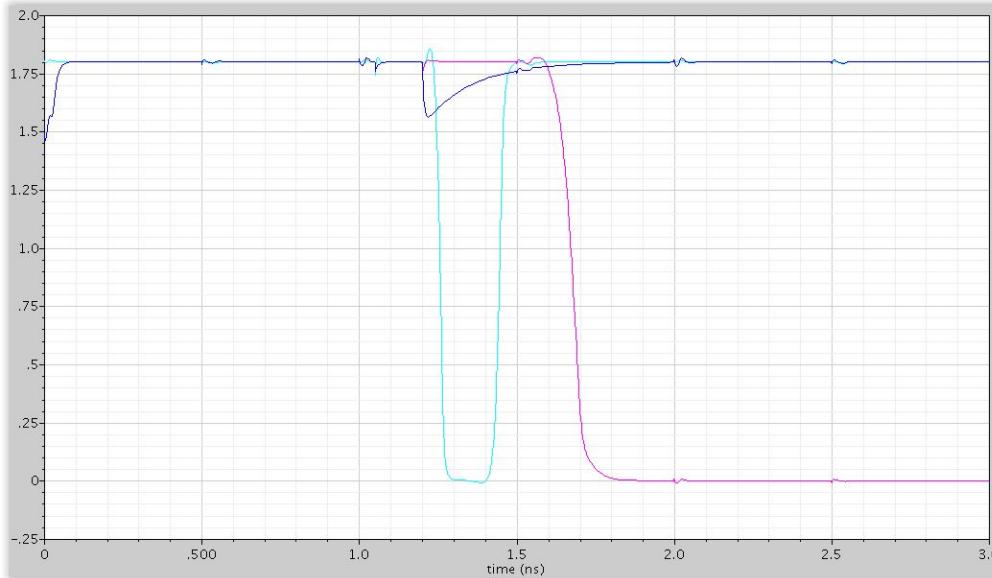
How does it Work?

AFTU takes a Spectre design...



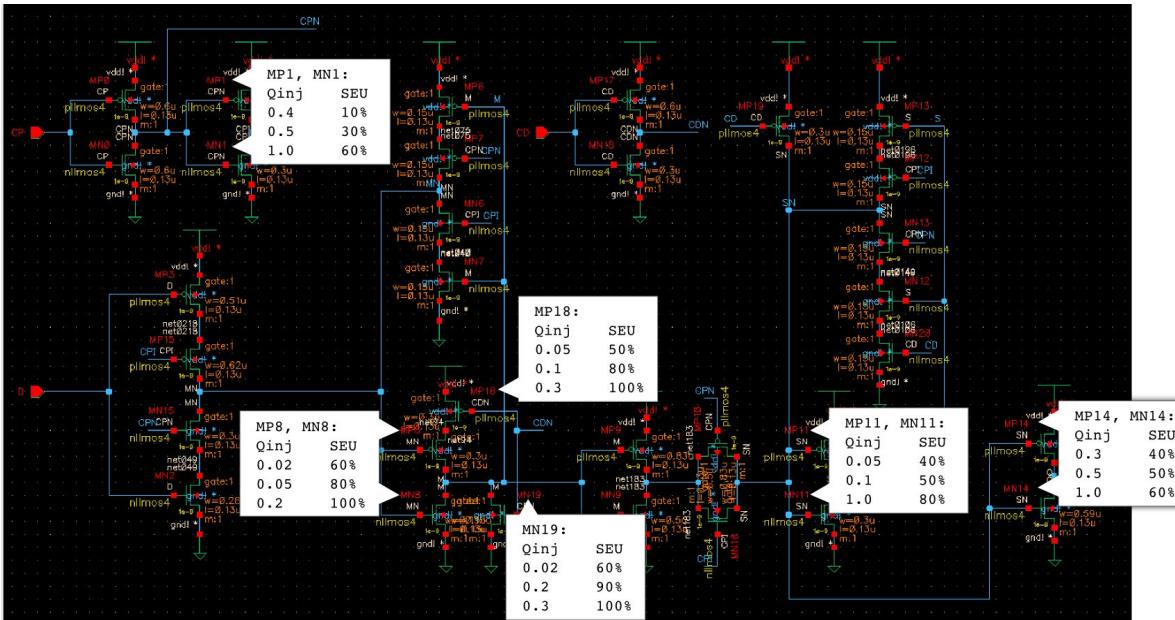
How does it Work?

...emulates radiation conditions...



How does it Work?

... and evaluates vulnerabilities



AFTU Toolchain

cadence

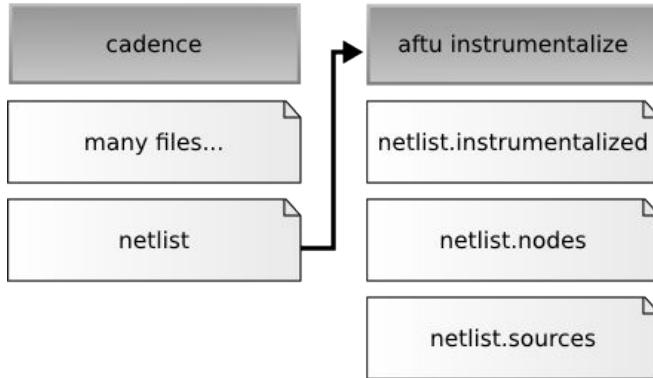
many files...

netlist

Before using AFTU:

- The user designs a circuit with Cadence as usual.
- The design is simulated through a testbench.
- Of all files generated by Cadence, we pick the **netlist**.

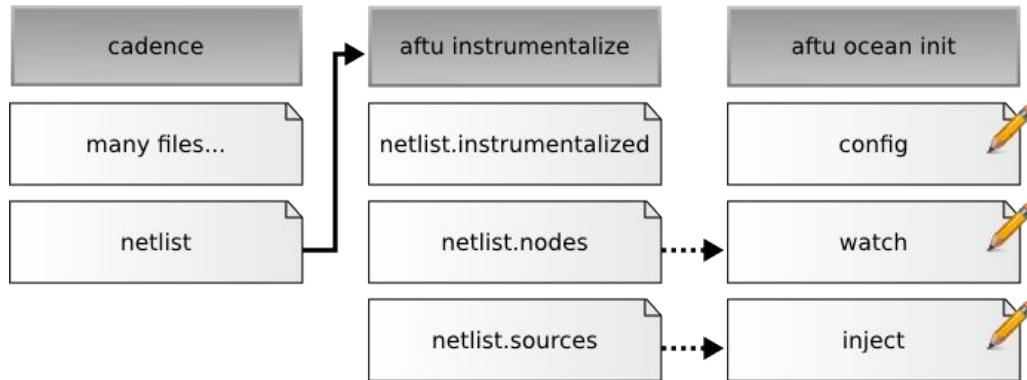
AFTU instrumentalize



The **instrumentalizer** implements a parser for the SPECTRE language

- Replaces the **netlist** with a *functionally identical* one allowing radiation emulation.
- **netlist.nodes** lists all observable circuit nodes.
- **netlist.sources** lists all transistors where an impact can be emulated.

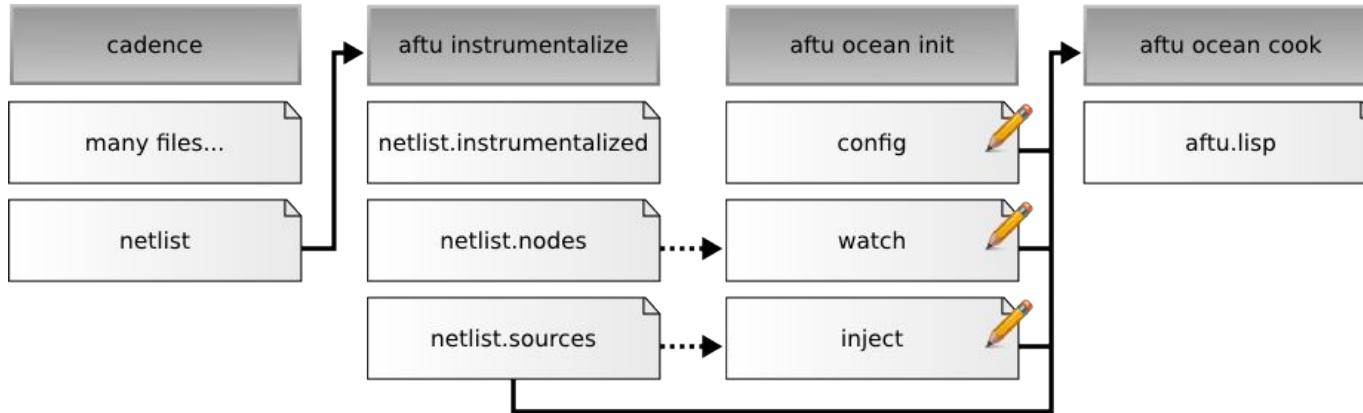
AFTU ocean init



AFTU projects are flexible and give the user many options for analysis.

- **config** contains paths, times, heuristics, initial values...
- **watch** defines all elements in the circuit to be observed during the simulation
- **inject** defines where, when and how much charge we inject (radiation emulation).

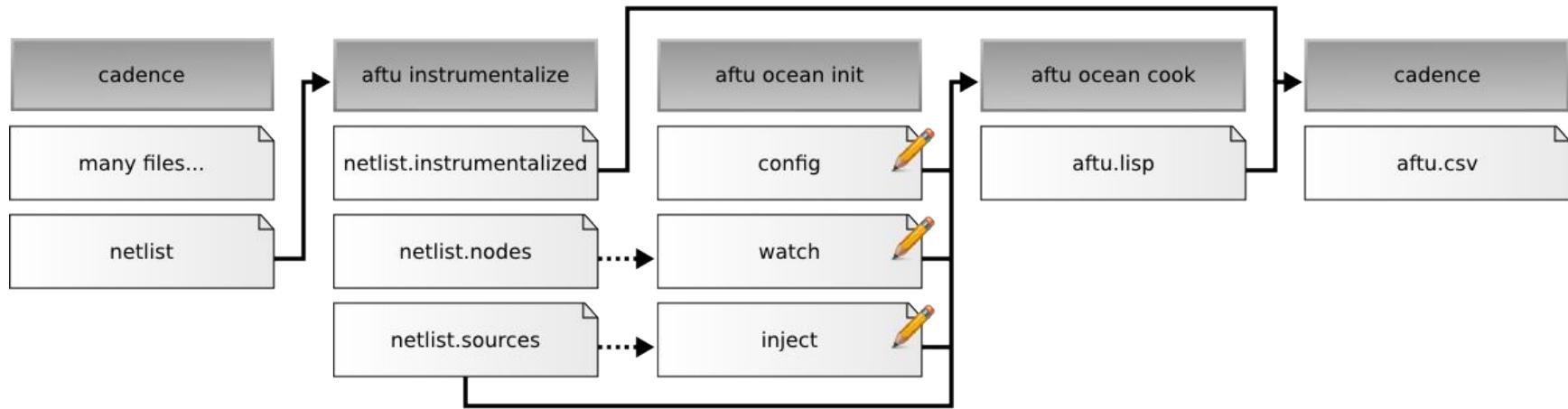
AFTU ocean cook



From all this data a simulation script is produced

- Includes all paths and required data.
- Describes the way to perform the user defined test campaign.
- Defines how to analyze the results of the campaign.

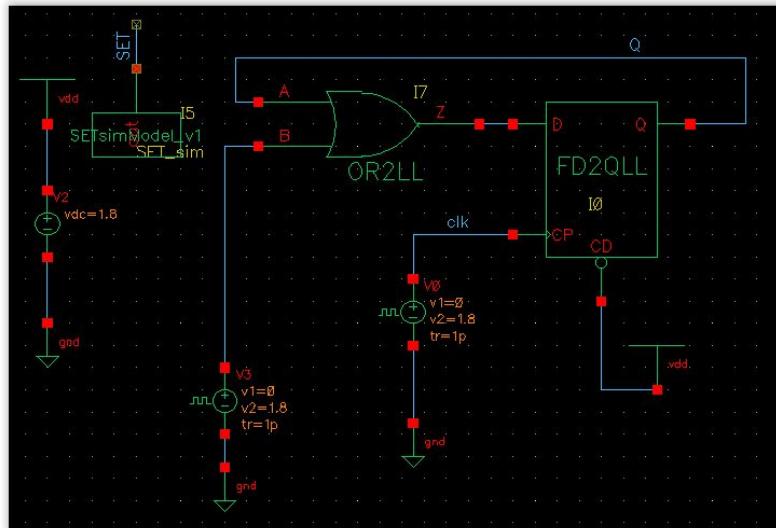
AFTU campaign



Cadence runs the provided script.
It produces a CSV file with the desired statistics.
This uncovers radiation vulnerabilities in the circuit.

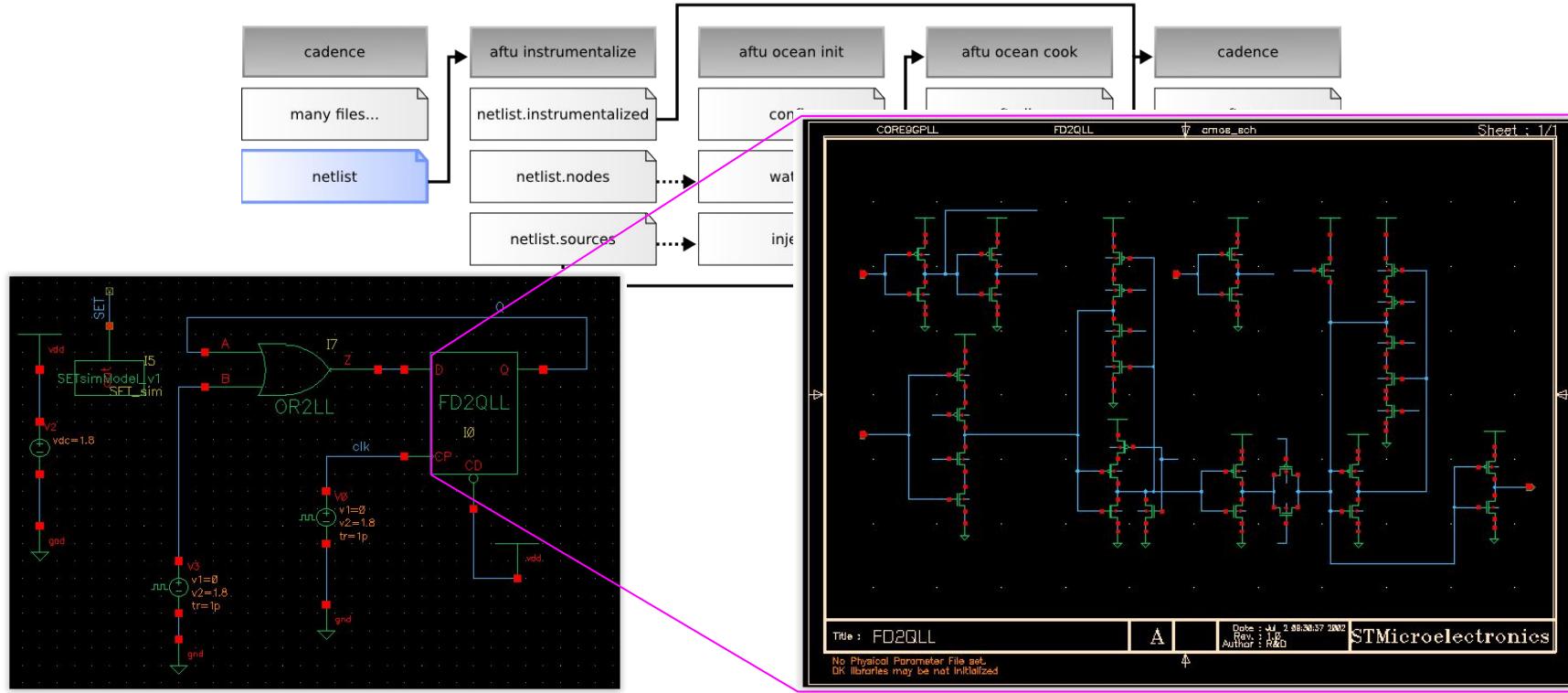
A Practical Example

Let's say we have this circuit:

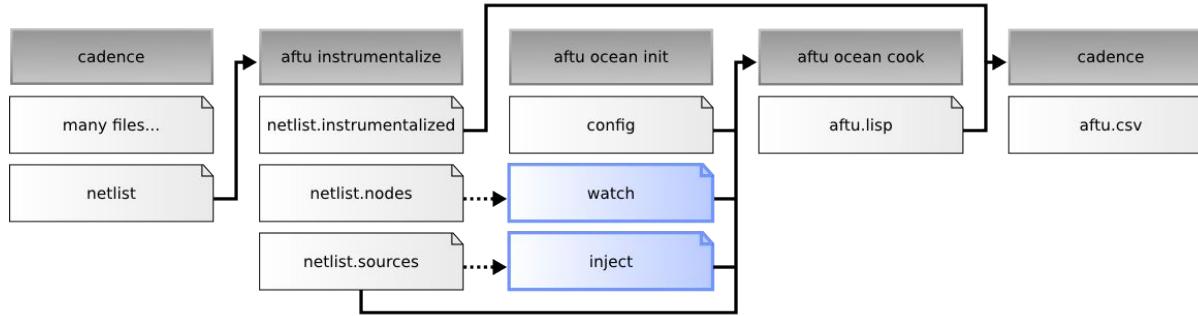


What is the critical charge to produce a SEU?

Netlist



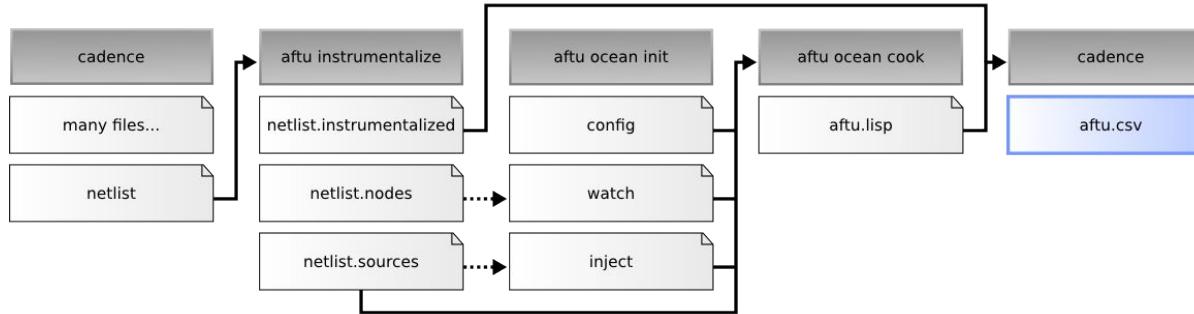
Watch & Inject



```
watch Q = /Q :  
threshold = 0.975 ;
```

```
inject I0_MP19:  
Q = .025p, .05p, 0.1p, .2p, .5p, .75p, 1p, 1.5p;  
t = 1.0n, 1.1n, 1.2n, 1.3n, 1.4n, 1.5n, 1.6n, 1.7n, 1.8n, 1.9n;  
  
inject I0_MN19:  
Q = .025p, .05p, 0.1p, .2p, .5p, .75p, 1p, 1.5p;  
t = 1.0n, 1.1n, 1.2n, 1.3n, 1.4n, 1.5n, 1.6n, 1.7n, 1.8n, 1.9n;  
  
inject I0_MP18:  
Q = .025p, .05p, 0.1p, .2p, .5p, .75p, 1p, 1.5p;  
t = 1.0n, 1.1n, 1.2n, 1.3n, 1.4n, 1.5n, 1.6n, 1.7n, 1.8n, 1.9n;
```

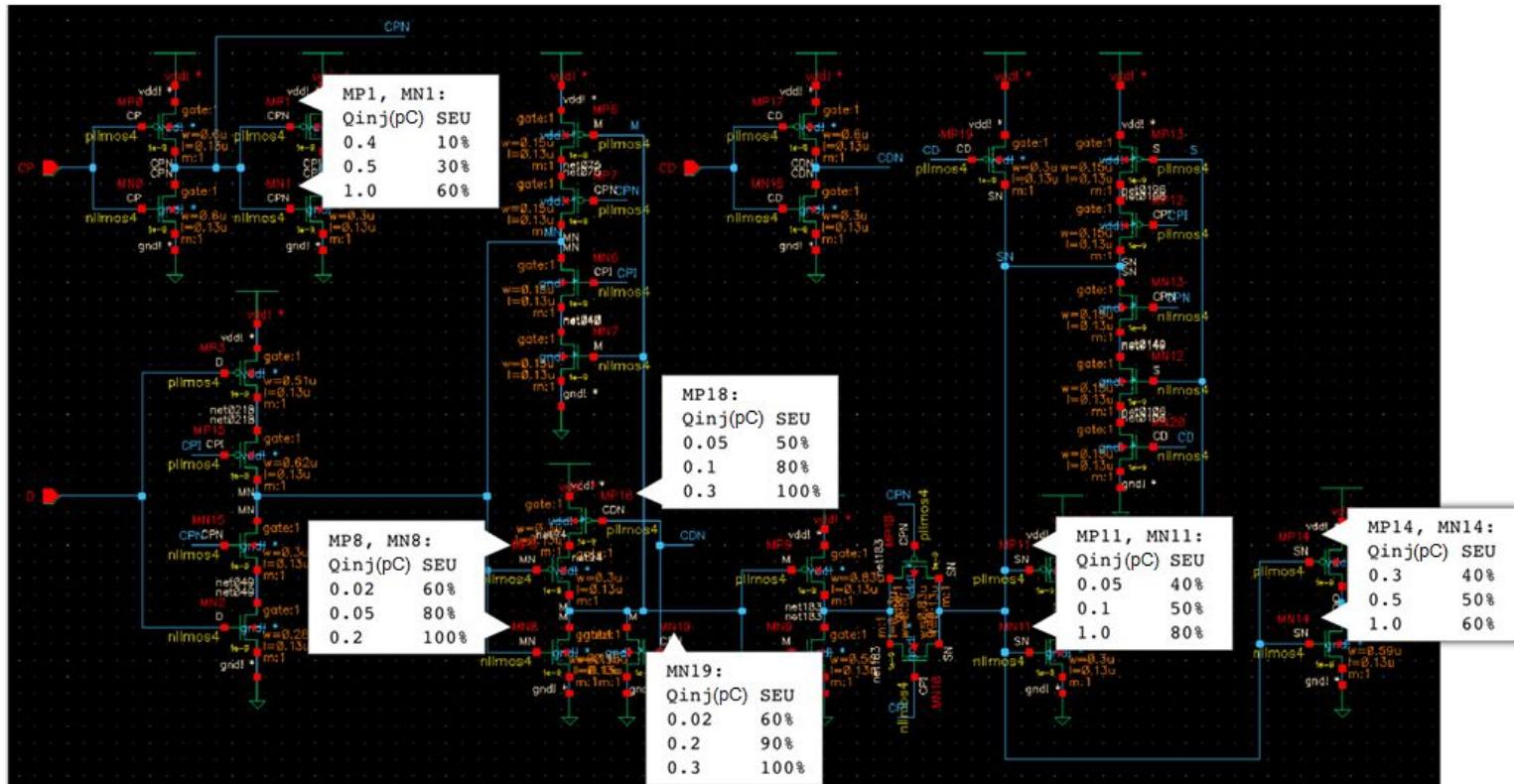
Results



Output	Impact	Node	Qinj	Timp	Trec	Vmax
V_Q	I0_MP18	2.5e-14	1e-09	0.000000	0.001941	
V_Q	I0_MP18	2.5e-14	1.1e-09	0.000000	0.00219	
V_Q	I0_MP18	2.5e-14	1.9e-09	0.000000	0.003664	
V_Q	I0_MP18	5e-14	1e-09	2.000000	1.807421	
V_Q	I0_MP18	5e-14	1.1e-09	1.910000	1.807422	
V_Q	I0_MP18	5e-14	1.2e-09	1.800000	1.807426	
V_Q	I0_MP18	5e-14	1.3e-09	1.700000	1.807384	
V_Q	I0_MP18	5e-14	1.8e-09	0.000000	0.519730	
V_Q	I0_MP18	5e-14	1.9e-09	1.100000	1.803023	

Output	Impact	Node	Qinj	Timp	Trec	Vmax
V_Q	I0_MN11	2.5e-14	1e-09	0.000000	0.006827	
V_Q	I0_MN11	2.5e-14	1.9e-09	0.000000	0.016568	
V_Q	I0_MN11	5e-14	1e-09	0.000000	0.017084	
V_Q	I0_MN11	5e-14	1.3e-09	0.000000	0.005371	
V_Q	I0_MN11	5e-14	1.4e-09	1.610000	1.806680	
V_Q	I0_MN11	5e-14	1.5e-09	1.500000	1.806814	
V_Q	I0_MN11	5e-14	1.6e-09	1.400000	1.805740	
V_Q	I0_MN11	5e-14	1.7e-09	1.300000	1.802925	
V_Q	I0_MN11	5e-14	1.8e-09	0.240000	1.404223	

Results



Where do we go from here?



More technologies

More heuristics

Total dose analysis

Integrate in FTU2 cloud-based GUI

Research Mixed AFTU/FTU2 simulations

Speed up Cadence simulation